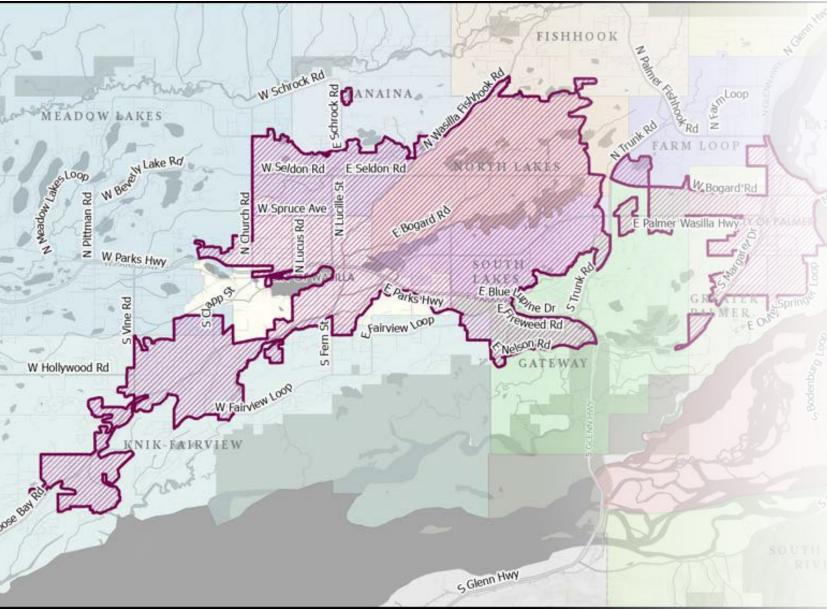
MSB Transit Continuity

W



Urban Designation

✓ Population greater than 50,000

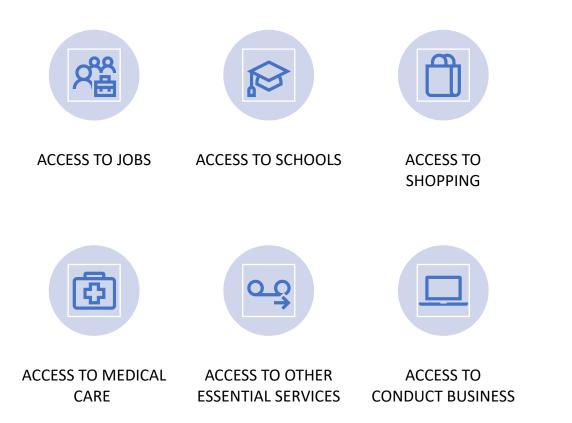
- ✓ Now eligible for FTA urban transit funding (5307) as a small urbanized area
- ✓ Urban area transit services are no longer eligible for rural transit (5311) funding
- ✓ To maintain transit services, a local government entity must act as a Direct Recipient of urban transit (5307) funding
- ✓ On August 8, 2023, the Assembly voted unanimously to apply to become a Direct Recipient and pursue funding
- ✓ On November 6, 2023, The Governor of Alaska designated the MSB as a Direct Recipient of FTA funding

Transit Continuity

Preferred Option: MSB Contracts with Transit Provider

- MSB is a direct recipient of FTA urban transit (5307) funding.
- **Competitive bid process** in accordance with federal and MSB procurement procedures to contract with provider(s) to continue transit services.
- Contractor would be responsible for meeting the federal requirements of the program, such as operational policies, Title VI requirements, tracking of funds/fares and all other requirements applicable in the FTA Contractor's Manual.
- Contractor would be responsible for maintenance of rolling stock, garages/barns, staffing and associated payroll and human resource responsibilities.
- Because most transit services are currently provided by non-profit organizations this option would allow continued funding to provide continuity of services. Staff, rolling stock, facilities and operational policies and procedures are already in place and non-profits are using FTA rural transit (5311) funds, which have many of the same requirements as FTA urban transit (5307).

Purpose & Need for Transit Continuity



"Transportation plays a key role in economic development. Good transportation systems provide a clear competitive edge by facilitating easy access to local businesses, maintaining regional mobility, and reducing congestion costs." – MSB Economic Development Strategic Plan, 2010



- 41% of MSB employed residents work outside the borough
- 28% work in Anchorage
- More than half of MSB population falls into one or more priority populations, with a higher propensity for relying on transit*

*American Community Survey 5-year Estimates 2016-2020, released March 2022

N/LEYTRANSIT

Mission: To provide accessible, sustainable, reliable, efficient and quality public transportation.

HISTORY & GOVERNANCE Board of Directors 501c3 non-profit **Executive Director** Consolidated in 2017 from MASCOT (started in 1999) Customer Service & Commuter & Admin Executive Admin and Valley Mover (started in **Demand Response** Manager Assistant Manager (Deputy Director) 2010) **Board of Directors** Demand Response Commuter (7) Commuter Mechanic Administrator FTA Compliance; Policy, \bullet Mechanic Operators **Procedures** Annual Federal Single Audits, (7) Demand Response Maintenance Tech 4 consecutive years of clear Operators audits, low risk

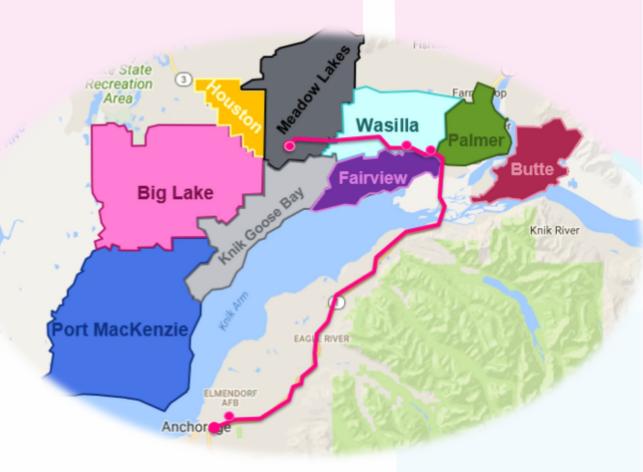
(**3**) Customer Service/Dispatch

SERVICES

- Demand Response: Non-fixed route system of transporting individuals requiring advanced scheduling by the customer. <u>Available Mon-Sat.</u> Zone based fare, 9 zones \$3 general public - \$2 senior and youth
- **Commuter**: Local fixed-route bus transportation connecting outlying areas with a central city.

<u>14 Round Trips M-F; 4 on Saturdays</u> \$7 one-way - \$10 Day Pass - \$120/month

 Local Contracts & Partners: Youth360, Veterans, Center for the Blind, UAA, ConocoPhillips



FLEET

- Commuter MCI over the road coaches
- Demand Response Van, SUVs, Cutaways
- **Coming Soon** Transit Vans: replacement for demand response fleet past useful life







TECHNOLOGY

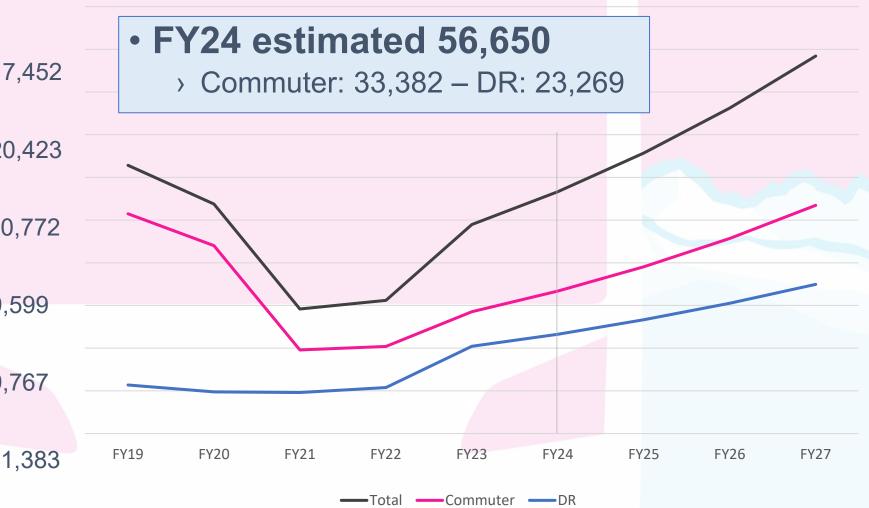
- Fare box collection system mobile ticketing, open-source payment (CC)
- MyRide real time tracking for commuter, updates for delays
- Novus demand response scheduling
- DriverMate tablets for real time updates to/from drivers
- Notifications sends out automated email, text, or calls to passengers
- Passenger Portal- passenger website to schedule demand response rides, track where their bus is, pay fares, etc.

New Booking Round Trip One Way Multi Trip **BOOK AGAIN (OPTIONAL)** Select a Recent Booking -Ħ DATE REPEAT mm/dd/yyyy FROM Q то Origin Address Unit Destination Address Unit OUTBOUND TRIP RETURN TRIP **(**-) Pick me up at Pick me up at × × Select a time × Select a time ×

Continue »

RIDERSHIP

- FY24 = 42,489 (*YTD 75%*)
 > Commuter: 25,037 DR: 17,452
- FY23 = 48,968
 - > Commuter: 28,545 DR: 20,423
- FY22 = 31,183
 - > Commuter: 20,411 DR: 10,772
- FY21 = 29,187
 - > Commuter: 19,588 DR: 9,599
- FY20 = 53,768
 - > Commuter: 44,001 DR: 9,767
- FY19 = 62,839
 - > Commuter: 51,456 DR: 11,383



*53% of operating budget is estimated to cover commuter service/47% of operating budget is estimated to cover demand response

FEDERAL FUNDING

5311: \$1.5 Million

- Admin & Prev. Maintenance (90.97/9.03)
- Operating (56.86/43.14)

*As a rural provider, match was previously provided by the Mat-Su Health Foundation

Other Federal Funding

- FY24: ARPA \$500,000
- FY23: CRRSAA \$1,026,170
- FY22: CARES \$3,322 & CRRSAA \$49,434
- FY21: CARES \$55,805

5307: \$1.8M

- Operating (50/50)
- Planning & Capital (80/20)
- ADA-CAA-Bike (90/10-95/5)

Eligible matching fund sources:

- Local Government Funding
- Grants
- In-kind

*Fares CANNOT be used as local match

ECONOMIC IMPACT

The Economic Value of Public Transit in Alaska Developed by EBP US, Inc. for the Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities MAY 2022



- American Public Transportation Association 2020 Economic Impact of Public Transportation Investment 1:5
- May 2022 Alaska DOT&PF contracted EBP US, Inc. to do a study: The Economic Value of Public Transit in Alaska. Valley Transit proved a 1:2.73 return on investment.

Fares between Wasilla & Palmer:

- Valley Transit \rightarrow \$6 or \$4 for seniors and youth
- Uber/Lyft \rightarrow \$30
- Taxi \rightarrow \$45

- *Direct*: Transit agencies employ workers, pay wages, and invest in equipment and supplies.
- Indirect: Transit agencies purchase goods and services from Alaskan companies which in turn employ and pay workers.
- Induced: Transit agency and supplier employees spend their income, generating additional activity within the Alaska economy.

Draft Non-Federal/Local Match Scenarios

Match contributor	Population	Per Person Cost	Scenario 1	Per Person Cost	Scenario 2
MSB UZA	54,039	\$ 25.75	\$ 1,391,504.25	\$ 21.00	\$ 1,134,819.00
City of Wasilla	9,061	\$ 25.75	\$ 233,320.75	\$ 21.00	\$ 190,281.00
City of Palmer	5,877	\$ 25.75	\$ 151,332.75	\$ 21.00	\$ 123,417.00
Non-Profit/Grants					\$ 330,000.00
Total			\$ 1,776,157.75		\$ 1,778,517.00

Scenario 1:

This funding strategy does not include matching funds from NGOs, sponsorships, donations, or other grant funds. It allocates matching funds based on \$25.75/per person population of the governmental entity within the UZA

Scenario 2:

This funding strategy includes approximately 80% funding from the MSB and other governmental partners, allocating \$21.00/person as match, and the remaining 20% of the matching funds from NGO's.

*these scenarios demonstrate the highest possible match requirement, utilizing 100% of the funding for operating expenses at a 50/50 match rate and not accounting for split letter results re: allocation to Alaska Railroad

Next Steps & Schedule

April 2024	Full allocation of 5307 funding released by FTA	
April 2024	Hire Grant Writer to support 5307 application	
May 2024	Transit Update to MSB Assembly	
May 2024	Host meetings to discuss local match funding – Palmer May 13	
May-July 2024	Prepare FTA 5307 grant application materials	
July 2024	Assembly vote to finalize local match funding mechanism	
June-July 2024	Develop RFP for services & Contracted Services Agreement	
August 2024	Final Grant Submission	
August 2024	Issue RFP	
Sept 2024	DOT Supplemental Agreement Signed	
Sept 2024	Assembly approval to accept and appropriate 5307 FTA funds	
Sept 2024	Assembly approval to enter into contracted services arrangement	
Oct 2024	Contracted urban transit services begin	